Methods of the ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey, Wave 1 (2016)


Abstract
Aim: To describe the methods of the 2016 International Tobacco Control (ITC) Four Country Smoking and Vaping (4CV) Survey, conducted in 2016 in Australia (AU), Canada (CA), England (EN), and the United States (US).

Methods: The respondents were cigarette smokers, former smokers (quit within the previous two years), and at least weekly vapers, aged 18 and older. Eligible cohort members from the ITC Four Country Survey (4C) were retained. New respondents were sampled by commercial firms from their panels. Where possible, ages 18-24 and vapers were over-sampled. Data were collected online, and respondents were remunerated. Survey weights were calibrated to benchmarks from nationally representative surveys.

Results: Response rates by country for new recruits once invited ranged from 15.2% to 49.6%; cooperation rates were above 90%. Retention rates from the 4C cohort ranged from 35.7% to 44.2%. Sample sizes for smokers/former smokers were 1504 in AU, 3006 in CA, 3773 in EN, and 2239 in the US. Sample sizes for additional vapers were 727 in CA, 551 in EN, and 494 in the US.

Conclusion: The International Tobacco Control Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey design and data collection methods allow analyses to examine prospectively the use of cigarettes and nicotine vaping products in jurisdictions with different regulatory policies. The effects on the sampling designs and response quality of recruiting the respondents from commercial panels are mitigated by the use of demographic and geographic quotas in sampling; by quality control measures; and by the construction of survey weights taking into account smoking/vaping status, sex, age, education, and geography.

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